## St. Francis Xavier

December 4, 2021

<u>In news-</u>Recently, the Prime Minister of India has greeted the people of Goa on the day of the Feast of St. Francis Xavier.

<u>About St. Francis Xavier-</u>

- He was a Spanish Jesuit who lived as a Roman Catholic missionary in the 1500s.
- He was born on 7th April 1506 in the kingdom of Navarre in present day Spain.
- He was one of the first seven members of the Jesuit order under the leadership of St. Ignatius of Loyola.
- He travelled extensively, particularly in India, Southeast Asia, and Japan, to share his faith. Francis was the first Jesuit to go to Japan as a missionary.
- He is the patron saint of Roman Catholic missions.
- He was instrumental in the establishment of Christianity in India, the Malay Archipelago, and Japan.
- He brought several novel strategies to missionary work that influenced generations of Roman Catholic missions.
- He is credited for the idea that missionaries must adapt to the customs and language of the people they evangelize.
- He also advocated for an educated native clergy to perpetuate the newly formed Christian communities.
- He died on December 3, 1552 on the island of Sancian (now Shang-ch'uan Tao, off the Chinese coast) while trying to gain entrance to China, which was then closed to foreigners.
- Xavier was first buried on a beach at Shangchuan Island,
   Taishan, Guangdong.
- His body was taken from the island in February 1553 and temporarily buried in St. Paul's Church in Portuguese Malacca on 22 March 1553.
- An open grave in the church now marks the place of Xavier's burial. Pereira came back from Goa, removed the

- corpse shortly after 15 April 1553, and moved it to his house.
- On 11 December 1553, Xavier's body was shipped to Goa.
- The body is now in the Basilica of Bom Jesus in Goa, where it was placed in a glass container encased in a silver casket on 2 December 1637.
- The Feast of St Francis is celebrated at the Basilica of Bom Jesus, which is a UNESCO World Heritage Site.
- The Basilica is one of the oldest churches in Goa, which was completed in 1605.
- It is considered the greatest example of Baroque architecture in the whole of India and is one of Goa's popular tourist attractions.
- The mausoleum was built in the 17th Century by the Florentine sculptor Giovanni Battista Foggini and took 10 long years to complete.