Promotion of agricultural mechanization for in-situ management of crop residue in the state of Punjab, Haryana, UP & NCT of Delhi

November 15, 2019 <u>Source</u>: PIB & Scheme guidelines

Background

Earlier, as per directions from Prime Minister's Office in 2017 with regard to the pollution caused in Delhi NCR due to stubble burning in States surrounding, a high-level committee under Secretary (DARE) has been set up. The committee has recommended for adopting mechanized crop residue management. Aa per the recommendations Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare has formulated a Scheme which was included in the 2018-19 Budget.

Objectives of the Scheme

- Protecting the environment from air pollution and preventing loss of nutrients and soil micro-organisms caused by burning of crop residue
- Promoting in-situ management of crop residue by retention and incorporation into the soil through the use of appropriate mechanization inputs
- Promoting Farm Machinery Banks for custom hiring of insitu crop residue management machinery to offset the adverse economies of scale arising due to small landholding and high cost of individual ownership.
- Creating awareness among stakeholders through demonstration, capacity building activities and

differentiated Information, Education and Communication strategies for effective utilization and management of crop residue.

Components of the scheme

- Establish Farm Machinery Banks or Custom Hiring Centres of in-situ crop residue management machinery
- Procurement of Agriculture Machinery and Equipment for in-situ crop residue management
- Information, Education, and Communication for awareness on in-situ crop residue management

Key features the scheme

- The Central Sector Scheme, 'Promotion of Agricultural Mechanization for In-Situ Management of Crop Residue in the State of Punjab, Haryana, Uttar Pradesh & NCT of Delhi' was launched by the Government of India to tackle air pollution and to subsidize machinery required for in-situ management of crop residue in the States of Punjab, Haryana, Uttar Pradesh and NCT of Delhi.
- Within one year of its implementation utilizing an amount of Rs. 500 crore, the happy seeder/zero tillage technology was adopted in 8 lakh hectares of land in the North-Western States of India.
- Under the scheme, financial assistance @50% of the cost is provided to the farmers for the purchase of in-situ crop residue management machines on individual ownership basis.
- The financial assistance for the establishment of Custom Hiring Centres of in-situ crop residue management machinery is @ 80% of the project cost.