Personal Data Protection Bill

August 15, 2022

<u>In news-</u> The Union government has recently withdrawn the Personal Data Protection Bill from Parliament to replace it with a new bill with a 'comprehensive framework' and 'contemporary digital privacy laws.

Reasons for withdrawing the bill-

- The Bill 2019 was deliberated in great detail by the Joint Committee of Parliament. 81 amendments were proposed and 12 recommendations were made towards a comprehensive legal framework on the digital ecosystem.
- Hence, in the circumstances, it is proposed to withdraw
 'The Personal Data Protection Bill, 2019' and present a new Bill that fits into the comprehensive legal framework."
- The Bill was also seen as being too "compliance intensive" by startups of the country.
- According to government sources, the revamped Bill will be much easier to comply with, especially for startups.

About the bill-

- The PDP bill was first introduced in Lok Sabha on December 11, 2019.
- A data protection law for India has been in the works since 2018, when a panel led by Justice Srikrishna, a retired judge of the Supreme Court, drew up a draft version of a Bill.
- The bill was referred to the Joint Parliamentary Committee, which tabled its report in Lok Sabha on December 16, 2021.
- The committee proposed a single law for dealing with both personal and non-personal datasets.
- The report was also under dispute as it suggested moving towards complete localisation of data.
- The withdrawn Bill had proposed restrictions on the use

- of personal data without the explicit consent of citizens.
- It had also sought to provide the government with powers to give exemptions to its probe agencies from the provisions of the Act, a move that was strongly opposed by the opposition MPs who had filed their dissent notes.

Further reading:

https://journalsofindia.com/draft-personal-data-protection-bil l-2019/