Global Drug policy index, 2021

November 10, 2021

<u>In news</u>— A first of its kind global drug policy index 2021 has been released recently.

About the index

- The index measures and compares national-level drug policies, providing each country with a score and ranking that shows how much their drug policies and their implementation align with the UN principles of human rights, health and development.
- It is a data-driven global analysis of drug policies and their implementation.
- It is a project of the Harm Reduction Consortium, which was established in 2013.
- It is composed of 75 indicators running across five broad dimensions of drug policy: criminal justice, extreme responses, health and harm reduction, access to internationally controlled medicines, and development.
- It highlights that the global dominance of drug policies based on repression and punishment has led to low scores overall, with a median score of just 48 out of 100 for all 30 countries which is assessed as a "drug policy failure" and a sign for urgent measures to deal with the situation.

RANKINGS OF SELECTED COUNTRIES

RAN	K COUNTRY	SCORE
TOP	5	
1	Norway	74/100
2	New Zealand	71/100
3	Portugal	70/100
4	UK	69/100
5	Australia	65/100
18	India	46/100
10	HILLIAN	40/100
	гом 5	40/100
		35/100
Вот 26	гом 5	
Вот 26	TOM 5 Mexico	35/100
Bot 26 27	TOM 5 Mexico Kenya	35/100 34/100

• Reflecting a long-standing global trend towards the abolition of the death penalty, the report highlights that only three out of these 30 countries — India, Indonesia and Thailand retain capital punishment for certain drug offences.

India's performance-

- India's rank is 18 out of 30 countries.
- India has an overall score of 46/100.
- On the criteria of use of extreme sentencing and responses, it has a score of 63/100.
- On health and harm reduction, 49/100; on proportionality of criminal justice response, 38/100; on availability and access of internationally controlled substances for the relief of pain and suffering, 33 /100.