

# Constitution Day

November 29, 2021

**In news-** Constitution Day was observed on 26th November 2021.

**About Constitution Day-**

- This day is **observed to mark the significance of the constitutional values amongst the citizens of India.**
- **As notified by the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment,** the observation of Constitution Day **started in 2015.**
- It was announced as a **part of the celebration on the 125th birth anniversary of Dr BR Ambedkar.**
- **On 26th November 1949, the Constituent Assembly of India adopted the Constitution of India,** which came into effect from 26th January 1950.
- The constitution of India was made by the constituent assembly of India which was under the cabinet mission plan of 1946.
- The **first meeting for this proposal was held on December 09, 1946,** and Dr Sachidanand Sinha was elected as the Provisional President of the assembly.
- And on December 11, 1946, **Dr Rajendra Prasad, the first president of India and was also the permanent chairman of the assembly.**
- **A 13 member committee along with a drafting committee was constituted** to frame the constitution under the chairmanship of Dr, BR Ambedkar.
- Later, based on the committee reports, a draft was prepared by the seven-member drafting committee.
- Our constitution is the longest written constitution in the world, originally having 395 articles, 22 parts and 8 schedules in it.
- Now it has **448 articles in 25 parts and 12 schedules.**

MAJOR COMMITTEES		MINOR COMMITTEES		DRAFTING COMMITTEE
Union Powers	J.L. Nehru	Finance and staff	Dr. Rajendra Prasad	Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
Union Const.	J.L. Nehru	Credentials	A.K. Ayer	N. Gopalaswamy
Provincial Const.	Sardar Patel	Business	Dr. K.M. Munshi	Alladi K. Ayyar
Drafting	B.R. Ambedkar	Ad hoc	Dr. Rajendra Prasad	Dr. K.M. Munshi
Advisory	Sardar Patel	Press Gallery	Usha Nath sen	S.M. Saadullah
Rules of Procedure	Dr. Rajendra Prasad	Financial of union const.	N.R. Sarkar	N.M. Rao
States	J.L. Nehru			T.T. Krishnaswami
Seering	Dr. Rajendra Prasad			

- **Our constitution was not printed but handwritten and calligraphic both in Hindi and English.**
- **It was completely handcrafted by the artists of Shantiniketan with the guidance of Acharya Nandalal Bose and the calligraphy texts made by Prem Behari Narain Raizada in Delhi.**