## Centre mulls changes in draft e-commerce rules

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In news— Centre is considering several changes to the ecommerce rules.

## Key changes proposed-

- Ban on fraudulent flash sales and mis-selling, and appointment of chief compliance officer/grievance redressal officer are among key amendments proposed to the Consumer Protection (e-commerce) Rules, 2020, on which the government had sought public comments by July 6.
- The Ministry of Consumer Affairs is considering changes to the consumer protection rules on e-commerce that may include redrafting related party sales and clarity on flash sales, after consultation with industry and ecommerce players.
- A "flash sale" is defined as a sale organised by an ecommerce entity at significantly reduced prices, high discounts or any other such promotions or attractive offers for a predetermined period of time.
- -As per the proposed rules, e-commerce companies will not be allowed to organise a flash sale where goods or services are sold at significantly reduced prices and high discounts.
- The final rules are expected to give clarity on issues such as what constitutes flash sales, finer details and issues regarding appointment of resident grievance officers, among others.
- According to the current draft, country of origin norms for e- commerce players will be tightened to push the sale of locally produced goods on their platforms.
- Towards this, e-tailers cannot mislead consumers by

manipulating search results on their platforms.

- They will have to ensure that marketplaces do not use any information collected through its platform for unfair advantage of its associated enterprises.
- •While the government has maintained that rules aim to protect the interests of consumers and make e-commerce companies more accountable and responsible, some sections of the industry are worried about changes in their business structure if the rules were to be implemented in the current shape.

## Consumer Protection (E-Commerce) Rules 2020 shall apply to:

- All goods and services bought or sold over digital or electronic networks including digital products.
- All models of e-commerce, including marketplace and inventory models of e-commerce.
- All e-commerce retail, including multi-channel single brand retailers and single brand retailers in single or multiple formats.
- All forms of unfair trade practices across all models of e-commerce.

## Extra

reading: https://journalsofindia.com/consumer-protection-e-com merce-rules/